

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH.

VOLUME 2, NO. 214.

BRAINERD, MINN., WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 11, 1903

PRICE TWO CENTS.

E. G. BANE, MEATS.

Fresh spring Chickens per pound	18c
Fresh hens per pound	15c
Oysters per quart	39c
Pork sausage per pound	12 1/2c
Little pig pork sausage per pound	15c
Bologna sausage per pound	10c
Liver sausage per pound	10c
Large can, Potted Ham, only	10c
Large can, Potted Tongue, only	10c

CROCERIES.

Sour Pickles per quart	10c
Dill Pickles per quart	10c
Sweet Pickles per quart	15c
Bulk Olives per pt.	20c

FRUITS.

Oranges per dozen	15c
Bananas per dozen, 15 to 18	20c

Dried Fruits.

Prunes per pound	5c
Cooking Figs, four pounds	25c
Dried Grapes per pound	10c
Raisins per pound	10c
Currants per pound	10c
Dried Apples per pound 12 1/2 and 13 1/2	10c
Dried Apples per pound 12 1/2 and 13 1/2	10c
Dried Pears per pound	12 1/2c

TEAS

Tea dust per pound	15c
Uncolored Japan Tea 40c grade only	30c
Uncolored Japan Tea 50c grade only	40c
Uncolored Japan Tea 60c grade only	50c

COFFEES

Bulk Rio Coffee per pound	10c
Golden Rio per pound	25c
Package Mocha and Java per pound	20c
Best Mocha and Java, 40c grade only	35c

Meats & Groceries

Cholly's Good One.

"Oh, Miss Perkins, I have a conundrum for you. What is the difference between a jilted fellow who pines for a girl who doesn't care and a dish of Dutch cabbage?"

Miss Perkins—Well, go on. What's the answer?

Cholly—One's soured grapes and the other's sauerkraut. Ha, ha! Isn't that doosid clever?—New York Press.

Not Sure of Him.

"Why are you so sure that he loves you?"

"Because he stays away from me in hopes he can overcome the fascination of my presence. And there is but one thing that bothers me—I fear he will succeed."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Neat Ball.

An Irishman, prosecuting another man for assault, was asked to explain the accused's black eyes.

"Ah," he replied readily, "before he had time to hit me I hit him back."

ARNOLD

SKINNER,

Shoes and Rubbers.

304, 4th Ave East Brainerd.
Sole Agents for
APSEY

Rubber Goods.

We handle the Cygnus Men's SHOES besides a complete line of Men's Goods.

Ladies Shoes

We have the Mi-MOSA SHOE \$3.50

Discount on a pair of goods. Kellogg-Johnson union shoes, some better.

First-class Repairing Done.

ACCEPTS ONE PROTOCOL

GREAT BRITAIN'S PRELIMINARY CONVENTION SATISFACTORY TO MR. BOWEN.

CALLS AT BRITISH EMBASSY

There Venezuela's Representative Signifies His Approval of the Agreement to Ambassador Herbert—German and Italian Measures Still Undergoing Revision—Must Eventually Conform to British Protocol.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Great Britain's protocol has been formally accepted by Minister Bowen for Venezuela. The German and Italian conventions are still undergoing revision, but assurances are given in authoritative quarters that they will be eventually made to conform in all essential respects to that of the British ambassador. Owing to the illness of the British ambassador, Minister Bowen called at the embassy and personally signified his approval of the agreement to the ambassador. He then presented his formal note of acceptance and it has been cabled to the London foreign office. It appears that the insertion in the German protocol of the provision for the advance payment of the \$340,000 demanded of President Castro in the German ultimatum was the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the German foreign office, after certain steps in the negotiations. According to the German ambassador this point is being cleared up.

The Italian ambassador's instructions are such that he can make little headway until he knows what is contained in the German protocol. He, however, has made a rough draft of his convention and it will take only a short while after the completion of the German convention for Mayer des Planches to put the finishing touches to his protocol.

Minister Bowen has done everything possible to conclude the negotiations with dispatch in order that the blockade might be raised and he expressed his belief that it had in this effort received the support of all the negotiators. If a serious hitch shall occur at the eleventh hour, Minister Bowen is confident that it will be through no fault of any one of the representatives of the allies here. Should the protocols of Germany and Italy, when presented to him, contain provisions not in line with those of the British, the negotiations must be prolonged until a satisfactory arrangement can be reached.

ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE.

That Body Takes Favorable Action on Department of Commerce Bill.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The house adopted the conference report on the department of commerce bill by a vote of 215 to 10. One Republican (Mr. Littlefield) and nine Democrats voted against this action. Several Democrats took the position that the "Nelson amendment" to the bureau of corporations was a weak and ineffectual attempt to provide the machinery for corporation publicity. Mr. Mann (Ill.), on behalf of the Republicans, contended that it was a better measure of publicity than had been presented in any other bill.

The remainder of the day was devoted to the sundry civil appropriation bill. Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, gave notice that at the proper time he would move two amendments, one to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a three story 400-room office building for members, to be connected with the capitol by a subway and to cost \$3,800,000; and the other appropriation of \$2,500,000 to carry out the original plans for beautifying and enlarging the main wing of the capitol. The notable feature of the general debate on the bill was a speech by Mr. De Armond (Mo.) on the Hanna bill to pension ex-slaves. He spoke in a sarcastic vein, but the subject assumed a serious phase when Mr. Richardson (Tenn.) said that adventurers in the South were using the bill to impose on ignorant, credulous negroes and called on Mr. Cannon to give assurance that the passage of such a measure was not contemplated. This assurance Mr. Cannon gave.

STATEHOOD BILL AGAIN.

Mr. Morgan of Alabama Speaks on the Measure in the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The statehood bill again came up in the senate during the day, and Mr. Morgan of Alabama spoke on it for some time. In the course of his remarks he referred to bills regarding trusts, which he said had been kept back and would be kept back until it is too late for discussion regarding them. The time of the senate was being wasted on account of what he termed "a peaceful political blockade" on the statehood bill when more important measures were awaiting consideration.

Mr. Hanna presented the conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, a final vote being deferred on it in order that it might be printed. The conference report on the general staff bill was agreed to. A number of other bills were passed. At 5:25 p. m. the senate adjourned after a brief executive session.

CRITICISE THE UNION.

Counsel for Operators Score Mine Workers' Organization.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11.—The United Mine Workers of America, as an organization, was severely scored during the day by counsel before the anthracite coal strike commission. The non-union men, through their attorney, John T. Lenahan, presented their side of the controversy and demanded consideration at the hands of the commission, claiming the legal right to earn a livelihood as they might elect without the consent or dictation of the union. During his presentation of the case Mr. Lenahan denounced the union as a fomenter of crime and anarchy. The main feature of his argument was the claim that the union had no legal or moral right to coerce miners into membership or to arrogate to itself the authority to fix the wages of mine workers.

Recognition of the Union.

James H. Torrey, counsel for the Delaware and Hudson company, claimed that the question of recognition of the union was not an issue before the commission, but he devoted considerable time to the consideration of that demand. He asserted that violence and intimidation were agencies for the promotion of the purpose of the mine workers. Regarding the demand for an eight-hour working day, Mr. Torrey said the evidence showed that for various reasons the breakers did not average more than eight hours a day, so that the physical effects of long hours were not felt.

Major Everett Warren, counsel for the Hillside Coal and Iron company and the Pennsylvania Coal company, answered the demands of the miners in detail and declared the socialist theories of the union, or some of its leaders, to be responsible for unreasonable claims.

OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED.

French Governor Sends Word of the South Sea Horror to Paris.

Paris, Feb. 11.—The governor of the French dependencies in the South Pacific has cabled to the colonial office that a "cyclone" has devastated the Tuamotu group of islands, forming a dependency of the French possession of Tahiti, Society Islands. The governor adds that he is proceeding to the relief of the sufferers.

The dispatches received here from the United States contain practically all the information furnished to the French officials and public concerning the tidal wave disaster in the Society Islands, though these have been supplemented by brief official notifications to the colonial office. These advices, however, give no details of the loss of life.

The Patrie refers to the disaster as rivaling that of the islands of Martinique, but owing to the absence of direct advices the catastrophe in the Society Islands has not yet excited widespread attention here.

ALEXANDER TRIAL.

Defense Closes in Grave Robbery Case at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Feb. 11.—The defense in the Alexander case closed during the day. Arguments of legal points as to certain evidence was then begun.

Dr. Alexander said that he often went to the board of health office to get a list of the deaths at hospitals and public institutions. He denied that he had bought tools and revolvers for Cantrell. He advanced money on a ring which Cantrell bought on payments. He admitted he paid Cantrell's fine in the police court. Dr. Alexander denied that he knew Cantrell was a grave robber or that he had ever heard of him being in the body snatching business.

All told, the witness said, Cantrell furnished seven bodies to the Central college. He said he did not know there had been graves robbed until a claim was made for the bodies at the college.

ANOTHER STRIKE PROBABLE.

Chicago Street Car Men Will Present Demands.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—By action taken by the employees of the Chicago City Railroad company a general strike on all lines of that system is made possible. The union has formulated an ultimatum to be presented to General Manager McCulloch, and if he shall decline to grant any of the requests contained therein, the committee which will wait upon him will report back to the union in favor of a strike on all the lines of the company.

This strike will affect not alone the cable splicers, barmen and shopmen, but also the motormen, gripmen and conductors, and will effectively tie up every transportation line on the South Side except the "Alley L." The chances of General Manager McCulloch according to the demands of the street car men are thought to be small and the men fully expect to strike.

Chicago Strike Ends.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—The strike of the elevator men and janitors in a number of office buildings in Chicago came to an end during the evening, and the men will return to work in the morning. The abrupt finish of the strike was unexpected and was brought about by the managers' association receding from the position it had taken in refusing to submit its case to the Chicago board of arbitration.

To Settle Wage Question.

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 11.—The Great Lakes Towing company and the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association are in conference here to settle the wage question and to prevent a recurrence of last year's great strike. Representatives are here from Duluth, Chicago, Toledo, Cleveland, Ashtabula, Buffalo and other points.

THRILLING EXPERIENCE

EXCURSIONISTS ON STEAMER MADIANA HAVE EXCITING TIME OFF BERMUDA.

SHIP STRIKES ON A REEF

Passengers Taken in Safety to Land After a Perilous Trip in Life Boats. No Explicit Explanation of How the Vessel Came to Go on the Rocks. Officers Prevented a Panic by Calming Excited Crowd.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Feb. 11.—The Quebec Steamship company's steamer Madiana, Captain Frazer, which sailed from New York last Saturday with a party of excursionists for a special cruise around the Caribbean islands, went ashore on a reef on an island off this shore at 3 o'clock a. m. The passengers had a thrilling experience, but all remained on board and were brought safely to land after a perilous trip in life boats, a wrecking tug standing a mile off. The mails and passengers' baggage were also saved. According to statements made by those on board, the Madiana was threading her way in the night through the narrow channel between the coral reefs, which leads to Hamilton harbor, when she struck a reef one and a half miles northeast of North Rock. No explicit explanation is yet forthcoming as to how the vessel went on the rocks, and the only information obtainable from the officers is that the light which indicates the channel for some reason could not be seen.

Passengers Were Asleep.

All the passengers were in their bunks when the Madiana struck the rocks, but the shock of the impact awakened them and they rushed on deck, the majority of them without attempting to dress. Considerable alarm, though not a panic, prevailed among the passengers when they found that the vessel was hard on the rocks, but the officers went among them and calmed them. A part of the crew did not share the coolness of the officers, but the latter soon restored order among the troublesome seamen.

Signals of distress were sent up and the passengers passed an anxious time during the latter part of the night. The Madiana listed heavily after a time and when morning broke lay broadside to the wind. The passengers were huddled together on the hurricane deck and the sea breaking over the steamer drenched them to the skin.

As soon as the news of the wreck became known here government and other tugs proceeded to the scene to endeavor to render assistance. A heavy sea, however, was running and they dared not approach too closely to the reef on which the Madiana was pounding. For some time no communication with the Madiana was possible. The tug Gladisten stood about a mile off awaiting an opportunity to assist but it was not until 11 o'clock in the morning that it became possible to effect a rescue. The crew of the Madiana launched a boat, but it

Could Not Live in the Sea

then running and was dashed to pieces against the steamer's side. A second and more successful attempt was made a little later and some of the passengers were lowered into it and after much exertion it succeeded in reaching the Gladisten. The Madiana's other life boats were then launched in succession and the remainder of the passengers and the captain and crew gained the salvage tug in safety.

By the prompt action of Engineer Nelson, who had the Madiana's bulkheads broken through, the mails and passengers' light baggage were taken out and brought in the last boats to the Gladisten, which landed the passengers, crew, mails and baggage here in the afternoon.

Theodore W. Noyes of the Washington Star, Otis E. Luke of Boston, and many other passengers emphasized especially the fact that there was no panic on board. In fact to illustrate the coolness displayed by the officers and passengers, in spite of the danger and discomfort of the situation, a passenger said:

"It all passed off as though it were a part of the programme of the cruise."

SIX PEOPLE INJURED.

Sled Strikes a Switch Engine at Leadville, Colo.

Leadville, Colo., Feb. 11.—A sled loaded with six young people ran into a Colorado and Western switch engine during the evening, injuring three persons seriously. They are Charles Holden, Alfred Holly and William Lappin. The others of the party were severely bruised. The sled was racing down a steep hill and had almost reached the railroad crossing when the switch engine rounded a curve. It was too late to stop the sled and it plunged into the driving wheels of the locomotive.

Demands Caused a Flurry.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Chicago-St. Paul lines were thrown into a flurry during the day by a demand made by one of their number that all passenger business between the two cities be made the subject of a money pool. The demand was made, it is said, by the Wisconsin Central, and was favored by the so-called weak lines.

CLEARANCE SALE

STILL ON AT

THE BIG STORE.

Men's heavy Underwear the 50c kind for	33 1-2c
The \$1.00 kind	75c
The \$1.50 kind	\$1.20
woolen Socks worth 25c for	19c
Woolen Socks worth 50c for	30c
Sheepskin Duck Coats for	\$2.50
All Caps and Rubbers go at cost and below.	

B. KAATZ & SON.

203-205 Kindred Street,

East Brainerd.

PANAMA IN IGNORANCE.

Receives No Confirmation of Reported Central American War.

Panama, Feb. 11.—No confirmation has been received here regarding the reported declaration of war by Guatemala against Salvador and Honduras. It is well known that Guatemala openly sympathizes with the president-elect of Honduras, Senor Bonilla, and it is believed that the present critical situation in Guatemala will not allow the government to render Senor Bonilla any substantial aid. Salvador and Nicaragua are protecting their respective countries. War preparations are reported to be proceeding in Guatemala, where a strict censorship has been established over outgoing cablegrams.

It is reported that Guatemala has 8,000 men on the frontier. The Nicaraguan government has sent forces from various points to help the retiring president of Honduras, General Sierra. President Zelaya of Nicaragua and President Regalado, of Salvador, are convinced that General Sierra will not allow the meeting of the Honduran congress. Senor Alvarado Guerrero, one of Senor Sierra's ministers, has left him to join President-elect Bonilla, who has organized his government at Amapala Island.

The origin of the present conflict lies in the opposition of President Cabrera of Guatemala to the intervention of Salvador and Nicaragua in favor of General Sierra.

HORRIBLE STORY OF CRIME.

Daughter Tells the Details of Her Mother's Deed.

Monticello, N. Y., Feb. 11.—The fourteen-year-old daughter of Mrs. Kate Taylor, who is under arrest for the murder of her husband, Lafayette Taylor, at their home near Centerville on the night of Jan. 27, told a horrible story of her mother's crime at the woman's trial here during the day.

The girl is the woman's daughter by a former husband. She testified that her stepfather came home drunk and that she retired while he and her mother were quarreling. A short time afterward she heard a shot and running into the kitchen saw Taylor lying on the floor and saw her mother shoot him again. Mrs. Taylor then seized an axe and cut off his head and right arm, both of which she placed in the stove. The remainder of the body was cut in four pieces and put in a sack in the pantry and during the two succeeding days parts of the body were burned until it was all consumed. The clothing was burned and other evidences of the murder were cleared away.

During the time the body was being burned the usual meals were cooked by Mrs. Taylor.

During her daughter's recital of the story Mrs. Taylor showed no sign of nervousness.

RICH ORE FIELDS.

New Iron Properties Discovered in the Dominion.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 11.—A Free Press special from Sault Ste. Marie says:

News of the discovery of one of the richest iron ore fields in the Dominion was made public during the day by C. C. Williams of this city. The discovery was made by explorers in his employ some time ago, and Williams has just secured the title to the property, consisting of 1,124 acres in all. The formation runs through the tract nearly two miles. The ore is said to be of phenomenal richness and purity, assaying 64 per cent. taxable iron. Three thousand dollars has thus far been expended in exploring the property, which is located about three miles from Wilder Station, on the Algona railroad, 20 miles from the Canadian Sea. St. Paul capitalists are interested in the development of the property.

It runs in the family—a woman's tongue.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Mrs. Laura S. Webb,

Vice-President of Women's Democratic Clubs of Northern Ohio.

THERE ARE MANY sickly women between the ages of 45 and 55, but there are very few invalids over 55 and 60 years of age. The change of life coming to a woman near her forty-fourth year, either makes her an invalid or gives her a new lease on life. Those who meet this change in ill health seldom live ten years afterward, while a woman who lays aside the active duties of womanhood in health seldom fails to live on in happiness, years after she has passed 60. This is truly a critical time.

Mrs. Laura S. Webb, of Toledo, Ohio, recognizes the change of life as a dangerous period and she also has faith in Wine of Cardui. She writes:

"As I had always been troubled more or less at the menstrual period, I dreaded



Mrs. Laura S. Webb.

the change of life which was fast approaching. While visiting with a friend I noticed that she was taking your Wine of Cardui, and she was so enthusiastic about it that I decided to try a bottle. I experienced some relief the first month, so I kept on taking it for three months and now I menstruate with no pain and I shall take it off and on now until I have passed the climax. I do not dread it now, as I am sure that your Wine of Cardui will be of great benefit at this time."

Wine of Cardui is the remedy to re-inforce a woman against the shock that comes with the change of life. It re-establishes healthy functions after years of suffering. In doing this it has saved thousands of sufferers just in time. Do not wait until suffering is upon you. Thorough preparations should be made in advance. Begin the Wine of Cardui treatment today.

WINE of CARDUI

A million suffering women have found relief in Wine of Cardui.

Subscribe for the Daily Dispatch.

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

BY INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

E. C. GRIFFITH, City Editor.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Week.....Ten Cents
One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year.....Four Dollars

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1903.

Weather.

Partly cloudy with possible snow.

JIM HILL denies he predicted a business panic in the near future.

HARD COAL is now selling in New York at \$6.50 a ton and there is plenty of it.

BILLY BRYAN has refused to banquet with Ex-President Cleveland. Surely the latter is not the loser.

A DULUTH woman wants a divorce because her husband threw a clock at her. She evidently understood this action to mean "time to wind-up."

A BILL to prevent the adulteration of food has passed the house of representatives and is now being considered by the senate. It should pass.

AT Cole Younger's request, a big reception planned for him at Kansas City has been abandoned. Cole seems to have more sense than his fool friends in Missouri.

SENATOR LAYBOURN, of Duluth, has introduced a bill to abolish the grand jury system, which is undoubtedly very antiquated and should be dispensed with.

ON Thursday the new building of the Duluth Herald will be formally opened, and invitations have been extended to the press of the state generally to be present.

SIX million dollars is said to be about the proportion that the United States should contribute to the famine stricken countries of Finland, Sweden and Norway.

THE coal famine in this country has been the means of convincing a whole lot of people in the northwest that they could live without anthracite coal—a thing they thought impossible.

A BILL introduced in the house proposes changes in the garnishment laws of a radical nature, the Grocer's association being behind the move, providing for a straight exemption of \$8 a week. This law would wipe out the \$25 exemption and the \$10 judgment clause. It is stated that the labor organizations approve of the change.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

John O'Shea, bookkeeper for the Cross Lake Logging company, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Walker, the teacher, who was taken to St. Joseph's hospital some time ago, is much improved.

Rev. Jas. Clulow, of this city, officiated as chaplain in the house of representatives in St. Paul on Monday.

Miss Vivian Reilly returned this morning from Duluth where she visited Miss Kitty Reilly for a short time.

E. W. Lynch has been sick for some time with the gripe. He was able to be out for a time, but has been taken down again and is quite sick today.

Rev. Jas. Clulow returned from St. Paul this morning where he went to officiate as chaplain of the house of representatives in the absence of Dr. Forbes, who was called to officiate at a funeral.

There will be a free lecture, illustrated with stereopticon, on the life of Christ, by Rev. Farrar, of the Episcopal church, at the Y. M. C. A., Friday night, Feb. 13th, at 8 o'clock. Everybody is cordially invited. A collection will be taken for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. Admission free.

A surprise party was given at the home of Mr. Judd Wright last night in honor of Mrs. E. C. Tennis, mother of Mrs. Wright. The event was in honor of her seventy-third birthday. About forty neighbors and friends of the family were present and the event was made a very joyous one, especially for Mrs. Tennis. A handsome toilet set was presented to the lady in honor of the event.

H. J. Taylor was in the city this afternoon.

Mrs. Julia McDonald went to Detroit this afternoon.

W. H. Dudley and Attorney Kling went to Verndale today.

Mrs. T. J. Davis went to Superior this afternoon on a visit.

W. J. Lawrence, of Duluth, is in the city this afternoon on business.

Dr. McDonald left for Aitkin this afternoon on professional business.

Floyd Brown has returned from Duluth where he visited for a day or two.

F. C. Butts, the insurance man, left this afternoon for Little Falls on business.

R. E. McFarlane, superintendent of bridges and buildings for the N. P., is in the city today.

Miss Ella McCarvel returned to her home in Deerwood this afternoon after a pleasant visit in the city.

Mrs. Chas. Ekman was taken suddenly ill last evening but her many friends will be pleased to learn she is much improved today.

Max Shanks and L. Storms, of Minneapolis, who have been visiting in the city with Barber Shanks, left this afternoon for their homes.

Mrs. George Stanley left this afternoon for Minneapolis where she goes to attend the funeral services of Mr. Stanley's mother, who died at that place a day or two ago.

Mrs. L. M. Burch, sister of conductor Bush of the M. & L., came down from Motley today for a short visit. Later she will leave for Greenleaf, Minn., her home.

John Zuger, caller for the Northern Pacific at Fargo, was brought to the Brainerd hospital this morning, and it is thought that he will have a run of the pneumonia.

There will be an oyster supper given by members of St. Paul Episcopal church tomorrow evening, from 5:30 to 8 o'clock at Mrs. J. K. Pearce's, 308, Broadway So. Tickets 25 cents.

Revival meetings are being held at the Peoples' Congregational church in East Brainerd. The reading is conducted by Evangelist Collins and Mr. McColl has charge of the singing. All are cordially invited to these meetings.

Brigadier Stillwell and Staff Captain Waite, of Minneapolis, will conduct the Salvation Army meetings tonight. Both of these gentlemen come very highly recommended and anyone wishing to enjoy good music and a good talk cannot afford to miss this service. All are welcome.

There was a large gathering of neighbors and friends at the home of Mrs. Francis Quinn, Saturday evening, at her home near Gull lake. The evening was spent in dancing. The ladies brought refreshments and an elegant luncheon was served. All reported having had a delightful time.

The Epworth League, of the First M. E. church, will give an entertainment in the church this evening. Among other attractions there will be a male quartette, first appearance, composed of Messrs. Vallentyne, Rogers and the Butts brothers. A lunch will be served at the parsonage after the entertainment. There will be no charge but a collection will be taken.

William Rawson, the Johnny Bull proprietor of the Merchants hotel, Wadena, is a guest in the city this afternoon. It is not through choice, however, but as a result of a little convivial greeting between himself and Col. George Cook, of the Brainerd Lumber Co. Landlord Rawson was on his way to Minneapolis, and knowing that he would meet Mr. Cook, went over to the Arlington buffet for "just a minute". Minutes fly fast when two old spirits of this kind meet, and while they stood there Conductor Patsy Corcoran yelled out, "all aboard" and so Mr. Rawson is still here. All he could say was after the train had gone: "Well, the bloody aud train stops for men at Wadena."

North Star Entertainment.

The following excellent program has been prepared by the members of the North Star lodge for the entertainment to be given in Walker hall on Friday evening:

Song.....North Star Octette
Address.....Mr. William Johnson
Music.....Instrumental
Solo.....Mr. John Bye
Song.....Tenth Street Choir
Address, "Vikengen".....A. T. Larson
Music.....Instrumental
Address.....Hon. P. M. Zakariassen
Song.....Stockholm Male Quartette

ESDON ETCHINGS.

Mrs. Conrad Isles has returned to Brainerd.

Mr. J. Walker is able to be out a very little.

A sleigh load of Esdon young people attended the dance at J. Welch's in Katrine.

Frank Nadean came near having pneumonia lately, but was getting better the last we heard.

Miss Katie Paine is expecting to return to Brainerd Wednesday, and Miss Dell Paine will then make Esdon a visit.

Old Mrs. Garrison has just returned from a weeks visit to her friends of the same name on the old Mille Lac road near Mr. Dies.

The Chord children did not have the mumps after all. It proved to be a light attack of the gripe. They are able to be at school again.

Charlie Rosenkranz has moved onto the place he and his brother bought last spring. His sister, Mrs. Laura Huntosh, is keeping house for him.

Nora Hammett is preparing to make a visit to Minneapolis, Waterville, Morristown and Faribault, in which many cities she has many friends.

J. L. Hammett, Mr. Flint and the Isle boys are cutting their pine and hauling it to Miller's mill. This is about the last of the pine in this immediate vicinity.

Miss Larson, our teacher, attended the teachers examination at Brainerd, going in Thursday and returning Saturday. Of course the school children enjoyed the short vacation.

J. L. Hammett's family had a large bottle of gasoline explode in their midst the other evening. Although there was a brisk fire and a lighted lamp in the room there was no damage done.

DAME RUMOR.

Agricultural Association to Meet.

There will be a meeting of the Crow Wing County Agricultural Association at the city hall on Saturday, February 14, for the purpose of electing officers and directors for the year 1903. A full attendance of the members is requested. 205tf

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. This signature on every box, 25c.

If you want a farm or city mortgage loan, to buy or sell a house and lot, to have a house built on easy payments, or fire insurance, or a deed, mortgage or land contract drawn, acknowledged or title examined, see Nettleton, room 12, Palace hotel, day or evenings. Houses and lots wanted to sell for cash or on time. w-sd we

COMPROMISE STATEHOOD BILL.

Measure Prepared for Admission of Four Territories as Two States.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The Republican senatorial advocates of a compromise statehood bill have prepared their measure for the admission of the two states, Oklahoma and Indian Territory comprising one state, and Arizona and New Mexico the other. They will bring it before the committee on territories at the first opportune moment, but are holding it back because of the opposition of the Democratic senators and also because some of the Republican supporters of statehood are not entirely reconciled to the change. There is renewed talk of pressing the omnibus bill as an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill, and the advocates of that course contend that they have pledges of support from a majority of the senators.

STRIKE SITUATION GRAVE.

Rioting Occurs in Barcelona and Cadiz, Spain.

Madrid, Feb. 11.—The strike situation in Barcelona and Cadiz is regarded as most grave. The impartial demands that martial law be proclaimed in Barcelona, where, it asserts, many hundreds of foreign refugee anarchists have joined the large body of resident anarchists. Serious disturbances are reported from Barcelona, where the government has ordered the suspension of the labor federations and the arrest of all their committees. Disturbances also occurred in Cadiz. Eight thousand strikers marched through the streets cheering for the social revolution. The civil guards charged and dispersed them.

INAUGURATE NEW PLAN.

United Mine Workers Seek to Extend Their Influence.

Indianapolis, Feb. 11.—The National executive board of the United Mine Workers of America has decided to inaugurate a plan of organization that will put men in every mining district in the United States in such force that they hope it will be impossible for the operators to resist them long. Funds will be supplied to the organizers to carry on the campaign in whatever sum may be necessary to accomplish results favorable to the organization. The appointment of new organizers, which by the adoption of a new amendment to the constitution is permitted, will not be made until the regular board meeting which will be held in about a month.

STATE PRISON LABOR

RESOLUTION FOR ITS INVESTIGATION PASSES THE HOUSE BY A CLOSE VOTE.

SENATOR McNAMEE INTRODUCES A BILL RAISING SALARIES OF COUNTY ATTORNEYS.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—Fryberger's resolution, for an investigation of state prison labor, was called up again by the author during the day and given life with not a vote to spare. There were sixty ayes. Just the bare majority necessary and the speaker, who rarely votes, had to give his eye to pass the resolution.

Mr. Fryberger made a brief but conciliatory talk, repeating his statement of a week ago that the present boot and shoe contract would expire in September, 1904, before the next legislature would meet, and declaring that his only purpose was to look into the situation with a view to improving the condition of the prisoners. Nevertheless the question was an important one, for it involved a contract amounting to over half a million.

Ramsey county's justices of the peace were thoroughly keelhaunched by Representatives Tighe and Chinnock. In the discussion of a bill that was never intended to apply to Ramsey county at all.

Mr. Perley's bill, providing that justices of the peace should tax up an attorney's fee as part of the costs in suits before them, to be paid by the losing party, even though the case be not brought to trial, was under discussion in committee of the whole. The judiciary committee had amended the bill, so that it would not apply to Ramsey county, but Mr. Haugland promptly undid that work by moving an amendment to put the bill in its original shape, so it will apply to the whole state.

Mr. Haugland's Idea.

"If the bill is a good one for the poor man in the country," said Mr. Haugland, "it ought to be good for the poor man in the cities."

Mr. Tighe administered a roast to the city justices when he said:

"Justices of the peace as we know them in St. Paul are different from what they are in the country. We have justice courts, but the costs they are allowed to collect are exorbitant, and they are used by collection agencies for suing poor people who can't pay their bills. We have also a municipal court, where the fees are much lighter, but the collection agencies don't go into that court. If you allow the justices to impose an attorney's fee upon the delinquent debtor, as well as enormous costs, you will put the poor in jeopardy, not only as regards their present, but their future earnings."

Mr. Chinnock followed in the same strain.

"Our justice courts are pernicious in their practices, and for that reason a bill has been introduced to abolish them. It is wrong the way they are allowed to burden the poor now, and we have enough of that without you people from the country adding more of the same."

Mr. Perley, the author, manifested perfect willingness to leave St. Paul out of the bill, but it was referred to him on motion of Mr. Deming.

A committee to expedite the work of the other committees, is the novel scheme contained in a resolution by Mr. Hoge, adopted by the house. The committee will consist of three members who are to co-operate with the speaker and chief clerk in so arranging committee meetings that members shall not be prevented from attending one meeting because another committee, of which they are members, is in session at the same time.

COUNTY ATTORNEYS' SALARIES.

Senator McNamee Introduces a Bill Increasing Their Income.

Senator McNamee, not to be outdone by Senator Calhoun, came to the front with a bill to raise the salary of the county attorney of Ramsey county. His bill provides that in counties having a population of over 150,000 and less than 200,000, the county attorney shall receive \$5,000, and the assistant county attorney \$3,000.

Senate File 64, Senator Johnson's bill to reduce the hours of work for nurses in state hospitals, was the bone of contention in the morning for a time. Senator Brower asked that the bill, which is now on general orders, be referred to the finance committee as it involved an additional expense to the state of \$150,000. Senator Johnson objected, as he said the hospital committee intended to investigate the subject at greater length. After some debate, Senator Brower withdrew his motion and Senator Johnson agreed that the bill should go to the finance committee before final action.

Raise Lake Minnetonka.

A bill by Senator Du Toit provides for the connection of Lake Auburn in Carver county and Halsted bay in Lake Minnetonka, to drain overflowed land, preserve public health and raise Lake Minnetonka. The county commissioners of Hennepin county are to give \$5,000 and the commissioners of Carver county \$2,500 for the work.

Senator Swedback fathers a bill which makes it the duty of the county commissioners to advertise for bids on all county business exceeding \$200 and making contracts with the successful bidder.

Senator Calhoun, of Minneapolis, introduced a bill giving city councils the power to regulate the use of billboards and to charge a license fee for billposting, as well as to prohibit billposting whenever deemed advisable.

Abolition of the grand jury system is the object of a constitutional amendment proposed by Senator George R. Laybourn, Duluth.

The legislature cannot abolish the grand jury system, but if the people can be induced to vote on the question, it is generally conceded that Senator Laybourn will have accomplished his great legislative work.

OUR PRICES WILL INTEREST YOU

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Investigation and comparison in our immense line of new Muslin Underwear is invited from every lady in Brainerd who seeks the best and latest styles, quality, vast assortment, and ATTRACTIVE PRICES, offer every opportunity for wise choice and right purchase.

Night Gowns, full size lace inserting yokes	75c
Night Gowns, extra large size, embroidery yoke	85c
Night Gowns, lace inserting yoke with three rows of hemstitched tucking	\$1.00
Night Gowns, all over embroidered yoke, an extra good quality	\$1.50
Night Gowns, best quality cambric, the latest thing out	\$2.25
Muslin Drawers, seven rows of stitching with hemstitched ruffle	35c
Muslin Drawers, are a No. 1 cambric, nothing to equal them at price	75c
Corset Covers, from \$1.50 to	25c
Muslin Shirts and Cambric Shirts at \$5.00 to	75c

Money cheerfully refunded if goods are not as represented.

L. J. CALE,

Goods Delivered Promptly Phone call 75.

BRAINERD LUMBER COMPANY,

BRAINERD, MINN.

Mills and Yards at Rice Lake, East Brainerd.

We have constantly on hand a complete stock of Lumber, Lath Shingles and Building Material. Short Lumber of all grades, and Low Grade of Dimension and boards at very low prices for Cash

C. B. WHITE

: : HARDWARE.

Storm Sash. Storm Sash.

We have on hand the following storm sash which to close out. You may have them at the following prices. Come and get them and save their price in wood before spring. : : :

3	only	20x26-2	ft	\$1-12
10	..	22x32-2	"	1.48
23	..	22x28-2	"	1.26
16	..	22x26-2	"	1.18
8	..	12x28-4	"	1.32
17	..	12x26-4	"	1.26
4	..	22x24-4	"	1.18

Also Have a Few Handsleds at Cost.

Second-Hand FURNITURE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

We are Open for Business. Of Brainerd, Minn.

If you have upholstering bring it to us, if you have anything to sell, get us to buy, we deal in

New Second-Hand GOODS

and can fit you out to house keeping. Call and see us at 23 Kindred St., East Brainerd.

Beckman & Goodspeed.

A. F. FERRIS, President

G. D. LABAR, Cashier

Capital, \$50,000

Surplus, \$30,000

Business accounts invited

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Subscribe **DISPATCH**
FOR THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

WERNER HEMSTEAD, President
J. F. McGINNIS, Vice Pres.
H. D. TREGLAUNY, Cashier.
J. A. BATCHELDER, Asst. Cashier.

Capital \$25,000. Surplus \$10,000.

General Banking Business
Transacted.

Your Account Solicited.

FOR Insurance,

Real Estate, Rents and Collections,
Apply to
R. G. VALLENTYNE,
First National Bank Building—
BRainerd, MINN.

Wm. E. R. B.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Harness & Horse Clothing
Walker Block.
BRainerd, MINNESOTA

A. T. LARSON,
LAWYER.
Land Titles A Specialty.
Collections Given Prompt Attention.
First Nat'l Bank Block.
BRainerd, MINN.



Tell the
TRUTH
And Shame
The
DEVIL.
The Insurance I Sell is Best on Earth.
J. R. SMITH, Agent.
Room 2, Slesper Bldg., Front St.

HOLDEN'S BUFFET

Is the popular resort
when looking for....
Choice Wines and Liquors
Fine Imported and
DOMESTIC CIGARS.
Call on

Dee Holden,
Sleeper Block, Front Street
We serve only goods we
can guarantee.

A. P. RIGGS,
Insurance and
Real Estate
Columbian Block, Brainerd.

MINNESOTA & INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY CO.

TIME CARD.
EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 1902

Trains arrive at and depart from the
Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH	GOING SOUTH
5:00 a.m. Brainerd	11:30 a.m.
5:05 a.m. M. & I. Shops	11:35 a.m.
5:10 a.m. Leake	11:40 a.m.
5:15 a.m. Merrifield	11:45 a.m.
5:20 a.m. Hubert	11:50 a.m.
5:25 a.m. Smiley	11:55 a.m.
5:30 a.m. Pequot	12:00 p.m.
5:35 a.m. Jenkins	12:05 p.m.
5:40 a.m. Pine River	12:10 p.m.
5:45 a.m. Mildred	12:15 p.m.
5:50 a.m. Backus	12:20 p.m.
5:55 a.m. Island Lake	12:25 p.m.
6:00 a.m. Hackensack	12:30 p.m.
6:05 a.m. Hunters	12:35 p.m.
6:10 a.m. Walker	12:40 p.m.
6:15 a.m. Smith	12:45 p.m.
6:20 a.m. Kaskaskia	12:50 p.m.
6:25 a.m. Lakeport	12:55 p.m.
6:30 a.m. Gathrie	1:00 p.m.
6:35 a.m. Nary	1:05 p.m.
6:40 a.m. South Bemidji	1:10 p.m.

W. H. GEMMELL, Gen. Manager.

American Crew Safe.
London, Feb. 9.—The British steam-
er Westhall, Captain Morgan, New Or-
leans, Jan. 18, for Glasgow, passed
Brownhead during the day and signal-
ed that the crew of the American
schooner Anna L. Mulford was aboard

SCORES THE COLONIES

BRITISH COLONIAL SECRETARY
CLAIMS THEY ARE NOT DO-
ING THEIR DUTY.

SPEAKS AT GRAHAMSTOWN

Utterances Understood to Clearly
Foreshadow Invitation to Cape Col-
ony for Money Contribution to Aid
Imperial Government in Carrying
Out Its South African Proposals.
Appeals to Burghers of the Cape.

Grahamstown, South Africa, Feb. 11.—
In replying to deputations and as a
guest at a banquet given here, Colo-
nial Secretary Chamberlain made
speeches during the day which are
considered as clearly foreshadowing
an invitation to Cape Colony to make
a money contribution to aid the Im-
perial government in carrying out its
South African proposals.

Mr. Chamberlain reiterated that
High Commissioner Lord Milner was
secure in the confidence of his sov-
ereign and his government, and that
if his health was preserved he would
remain to complete his work. He re-
minded the Dutch that it was the hope
of their support that induced the
Boers to undertake their struggle in
defiance of Great Britain which has
left misery behind. The colonial sec-
retary appealed to them to accept the
result as final, as the Boers had al-
ready done, to forget racial differ-
ences and to aim at the fusion instead
of the disruption of the empire.

While the English householder, he
continued, was heavily taxed, the
Cape was the only colony which prof-
ited by the war and had a gigantic sur-
plus.

It Depends Upon Them
whether Africa's future was to be one
of strength or weakness. He was not
there to say smooth things and close
his eyes to obvious facts. Cape Col-
ony's increased vote for the fleet was
not sufficient to keep up for six
months the warship Good Hope.

"I am addressing all colonies," con-
cluded Mr. Chamberlain, "when I say
that they are not doing what they
ought in regard to their obligations to
the empire. Who knows when a new
blow may fall?"

Mr. Chamberlain, in his speech at
the banquet, compared the settlers in
South Africa in 1820 with the Puritan
settlers in the Eastern states of Amer-
ica. In neither case did the struggle
against the forces of nature and bar-
barism make them lose sight of the
value and importance of intellectual
development. Accordingly, they be-
came in Grahamstown, as in Boston,
a great center of educational activity
and energy, but Grahamstown and its
inhabitants appealed to him more
strongly because they have never for-
gotten what they owed to the mother-
land.

HENDERSON DENIES REPORT.

Is Not Trying to Thwart Anti-Trust
Legislation.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The Post
publishes an interview with Speaker
David B. Henderson, of the house of
the representatives, with respect to
reports current about the capitol con-
necting the speaker's name with ef-
forts to thwart anti-trust legisla-
tion and with having endeavored to
have enacted a substitute for the Nelson
publicity section of the department of
commerce bill. The report also said
Mr. Henderson would become attor-
ney for one of the Standard Oil com-
panies after March, when he retires
from congress. The speaker emphat-
ically denied the report.

FORGED MORGAN'S NAME.

Two Bills for Large Sums Have False
Signatures.

London, Feb. 11.—Two bills for over
\$55,000 each, purporting to have been
given by J. P. Morgan in payment for
purchases of pictures and bric-a-brac
which were sent to New York for col-
lection, have just been returned with
an intimation that the signatures were
forged. It is reported that many more
such bills have been circulated in the
London market. The origin of the
forgeries has not been discovered.

KILLS HER DAUGHTER.

Missouri Woman Commits Murder
While Insane.

St. Charles, Mo., Feb. 11.—In a fit
of mental aberration, Mrs. Henry
Guhlemann, wife of a farmer living
two miles from the village of New
Melle, shot and killed her six-year-old
daughter, made an ineffectual attempt
to kill her infant child, and was later
found wandering around in a dazed
condition. Guhlemann was absent
from home. The woman was taken in-
to custody.

Blacksmiths and Helpers Strike.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—All the black-
smiths and their helpers employed by
the Chicago Ship Building company at
South Chicago went on strike dur-
ing the day, following the action of the
boilermakers, iron shipbuilders and
ship carpenters. Only the machinists
remained, and if they go out the en-
tire plant will close down. The unions
are striking for a nine-hour day and
advanced wages.

Veterans Adopt Resolutions.

Springfield, O., Feb. 11.—Thirty
states were represented at the meet-
ing of the National Union Veterans'
Union here. Resolutions were adopt-
ed declaring the convention to be in
favor of the original principles of the
organization, allowing only veterans
of six months service and one battle
to become members.

Snowslide on Great Northern.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 11.—A snow-
slide occurred on the Great Northern
railroad between Leavenworth and the
Cascade tunnel early in the day, stop-
ping traffic for twenty-four hours.

TO START THE REVOLT.

Desperate Macedonian Leader Leaves
for His Country.

Vienna, Feb. 11.—Considerable in-
terest has been aroused here by a dis-
patch from Sofia to the effect that
Boris Sarafoff, the famous Macedonian
leader and former president of the
Macedonian committee, has already
gone to Macedonia to start a revolt.
Sarafoff has the reputation of being
a capable and desperate leader, having
unequaled knowledge of the mountain
passes.

PREPARING FOR TROUBLE.

Russian Army Reserve Officers Order-
ed to Be Ready for Duty.

London, Feb. 11.—It is announced
in a dispatch to a news agency from
St. Petersburg that all the officers of
the Russian army reserves have been
notified to hold themselves in readi-
ness to rejoin their regiments in twenty-
four hours, in the event of mobiliza-
tion orders being issued. The mea-
sures, it is added, appear to be con-
nected with fears of trouble in the
Balkans.

CREATES INDIGNATION.

English Admiral's Letter Arouses the
British Public.

London, Feb. 11.—The letter of Rear
Admiral Cochrane is republished
throughout the press and has created
intense indignation. Demands are
made for a full inquiry into the cases
referred to, and for a suppression of
such disgraceful practices which are
held to operate powerfully in the di-
rection of the exclusion of a class of
officers which the country needs and
which it so rarely gets.

Rear Admiral Cochrane, in an inter-
view, declares that all his statements
can be sworn to. "These fogglings,"
he said, "have been going on for years,
and I hope and trust that this exposure
will end them."

FAST SKATERS MEET.

Three Men Pass Under the Wire To-
gether in One Race.

Saranac Lake, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Some
of the best skaters in the United
States and Canada met during the day
in the professional and amateur speed
skating contests held in the Pontiac
clog rink. Morris Wood of Verona,
N. J., won the half mile race in 1:22,
and the one mile event in 3:32½.

In the five mile professional race J.
Nilsson of Minneapolis, J. K. McCulloch
of Winnipeg and Norval Baptie of
Bathgate, N. D., apparently passed
under the wire together. The judges
gave the race to McCulloch, disquali-
fying Nilsson for skating inside the
line. Time 14:55.

The three mile race was won by G.
Bellefeuille of Winnipeg, in 9:08.

OHIO TOWN DESTROYED.

Fire Wipes Out Business Section at
Bremen.

Columbus, O., Feb. 11.—A fire is
reported here to have almost entirely
destroyed the town of Bremen, 45
miles south of Columbus, late at night.
At 2:15 a. m. it was reported here
that only two stores and a school-
house remained in the business sec-
tion. Lancaster was appealed to for
help. Bremen has a population of
1,600.

Shot His Sweetheart and Himself.

Pittsburg, Feb. 11.—Maggie Hall, a
domestic, was found dead in the rear
of her employer's house, and her es-
cort, Nicholas Glazner, a motorman,
was lying near her, unconscious. The
woman had a bullet wound through the
right eye, while the man had two
wounds in the head. It is supposed
Glazner, in a fit of insanity, the after-
effects of typhoid fever, shot his
sweetheart and then tried to kill him-
self.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Five persons died of the plague at
Mazatlan, Mex., Tuesday.

Thomas Prather, a bartender, shot
and instantly killed Robert McSparran,
a pugilist, at St. Joseph, Mo., Tuesday
night.

Ex-Governor W. E. Stanley has de-
cided to take the place on the Dawes
Indian commission that has been
tended him.

The report that the former crown
Princess of Saxony has attempted to
commit suicide is untrue. Her health
is as good as possible, considering her
delicate condition and the grief caused
by recent events.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 10.—Wheat—May,
77½c; July, 77½c. On track—No. 1
hard, 79c; No. 1 Northern, 77½c; No.
2 Northern, 76½c.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 10.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1
hard, 77½c; No. 1 Northern, 76½c;
No. 2 Northern, 74½c; No. 2 spring,
71½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 78½c;
No. 1 Northern, 78½c; May, 78½c;
July, 78c. Flax—Cash, \$1.16.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Good to
choice steers, \$4.50@5.50; good to
choice cows and heifers, \$3.25@4.00;
good to choice veals, \$2.50@5.50. Hogs—
\$5.15@6.80. Sheep—Good to choice,
\$3.40@3.85; lambs, \$1.75@5.40.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Cattle—Good to
prime steers, \$4.40@5.75; poor to me-
dium, \$3.00@4.25; stockers and feed-
ers, \$2.30@4.40; cows and heifers,
\$2.40@4.60; calves, \$3.50@8.00. Hogs—
Mixed and butchers, \$6.60@7.00;
good to choice heavy, \$6.85@7.10;
rough heavy, \$6.60@6.85; light, \$6.35
@6.50; bulk of sales, \$6.55@6.80.
Sheep—Good to choice, \$4.50@5.50;
Western sheep, \$4.25@5.40; lambs,
\$4.80@5.40.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Wheat—Feb.,
78½c; May, 78½c; 69½c; July, 74½c;
Corn—Feb., 35c; May, 37½c; 37½c;
July, 43½c; Sept., 43½c. Oats—
Feb., 35c; May, 37½c; 37½c; July,
33½c; Sept., 30½c. Pork—May,
\$16.50; July, \$16.30. Lard—Cash,
Northwestern, \$1.21; Southwestern,
\$1.16; May, \$1.21@1.22. Butter—
Creameries, 15¢@25¢; dairies, 15¢@23¢.
Eggs—18c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15¢
18c; chickens, 10¢@13½c.

EDISON'S NEW BATTERY

Inventor Reveals Secrets of His
Wonder Working Dynamo.

FRUIT OF FOUR YEARS' HARD WORK

Famous Electrician Claims His Lat-
est Marvel Will Soon Furnish
Homemade Light and Heat and
Automobiles For All Without the
Services of an Expert.

In an authorized interview—the first
one given out by Thomas A. Edison in
explanation of his new storage battery
—the great inventor tells just how it
is made and what it will do, says the
New York World.

"Yes, my new battery is finished,"
said Mr. Edison to the reporter.

"It is finished after four years of
constant work."

"The new battery means that noth-
ing so called impossible thing has been
accomplished. It was believed that in
the present state of our knowledge of
chemistry no commercially successful
battery could be made without the use
of lead. My invention negatives this,
as I have used no lead whatever—noth-
ing but iron, nickel and potash."

"The storage batteries that are at
present in use in automobiles were
originally designed for stationary pur-
poses, not for vehicles. The various
automobile companies have been doing
the best they could with them, but they
were entirely inadapted to vehicle
traction."

"The acid or lead which is used in
these batteries gives a complicated
chemical action. The batteries are
thus not perfectly reversible, or, in other
words, there is a leakage—a gradual
loss of power. A true storage battery
is one that must be perfectly reversible
for all time."

"If a man buys an electric automo-
bile today, he is furnished with a book
of instructions about the battery. He
must hire an expert to teach him how
to run it, and if he does not follow the
instructions he finds himself in a short
while without any motive power."

"The life of an old fashioned battery
is in proportion to its weight. If it is
reduced in weight, its lifetime also is
inevitably cut down. The problem,
therefore, was to construct a battery
not for experts, but for general use, a
battery which a man can forget and
neglect and which will plod along and
do its work just the same."

"The thing that was needed was
what I might call brutal practicability.
Every machine made for general use
must be made not only so that it will
work properly when properly treated,
but when it is abused as well. The
new battery fills the bill in this re-
gard. It has stood every possible test
successfully. For a long time it has
been my habit to test the packing of
goods that were to be shipped. The
packages are taken to a third story
window and thrown to the ground. If
they are found to be unbroken when
they are picked up, the packing is said
to be successfully done. The same
kind of rigorous tests have been ap-
plied to the battery. On one occasion
the test automobile was turned up-
side down with a crash, but neither
operator nor battery was injured."

"There is no comparison between it
and the other batteries. The one on
exhibition in New York city weighs
660 pounds and will drive a heavy
automobile, with two passengers, 100
miles without charging if the roads
are good. It has enormous charge
rate and is, in my opinion, the beau
ideal for vehicle traction. At any rate,
it is absolutely the best that I can do
in that line."

"To describe the new battery in a
popular way is not easy, though the
machine is very simple. It may be
called an internal combustion appar-
atus. Finely powdered iron forms one
pole, and an oxide of nickel forms the
other pole. These two have never been
used before for storage purposes. I
also use an alkali, which is more stable
than an acid."

"When you connect a number of
these cells with an automobile motor,
the iron rusts or becomes oxidized. If
the iron were outdoors, this rusting
process would produce heat, but in the
battery it produces electricity instead.
It turns into heat finally, of course.
The oxygen necessary to burn the iron
is stored up in the nickel, so we don't
have to get it from the air. When all
the iron is rusted or oxidized, then the
battery gives no more current and must
be recharged."

"The battery was invented to solve
a prearranged problem in vehicle trac-
tion. If it failed in any one of half a
dozen particulars, it would be a com-
plete failure. When I began to work
on it, four years ago, I labored for
eighteen months without getting any-
thing tangible. At present nothing re-
mains but for an automobile company
to build an automobile around it."

"Yes, the new battery will settle the
horse—not at once, but by degrees. The
price of automobiles will be reduced
so that almost every family may have
one and run it without the aid of an
expert. In fact, I hope that the time
has nearly arrived when every man
may not only have his own automobile,
but also be able to light his own house,
charge his own machine, heat his
rooms, cook his food, etc., by electricity
without depending on any one else for
these services."

"Independence! That is what we
may expect from electricity."

Prizes For Politicians.

A citizen of Farmington, France, has
left a legacy to provide prizes of 25
francs each yearly to the two most po-
lite scholars, a boy and a girl, in the
schools of the town. The winners are
to be elected by a ballot of their
schoolfellows.

WANTS.

WANTED—Good girl for general
housework. Mrs. W. H. Mantor, 215
Fifth street north. Good wages for
competent girl. 214w1

WANTED—men to learn the barber
trade. Always rush for barbers in
spring. Prepare now. Inducements
to distant applicants. Tools and
board provided. Catalogues mailed
free. Moler Barber College Minne-
apolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—Heavy team, weight
about 2600 or 2700. Enquire of E.
C. Bane. 212tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with
stove, at F. H. Bredfield's, 624 Broad-
way south. 213b5

MEN—If you expect to use your
homestead rights, do so before the
vacant government lands are all
taken. If interested write me, I can
locate you on valuable timber or
agricultural claim. A. E. SMITH,
20444 Bemidji, Minn.

The Mountain View Route.

This is what the Northern Pacific
—Shasta, or Shasta—Northern Pa-
cific Route—it reads as well back-
ward as forward—may well be
called.

The route takes its name from Mt.
Shasta in northern California. This
white, snow capped peak, at the foot
of which the Shasta route winds, is
14,350 feet high. The mountain is in
plain view for several hours from the
train and its distance from the track
varies from twelve to seventy-five
miles.

The beautiful scenery of the Sacra-
mento river at the base of Shasta, is
connected with this route only.
Castle Crags, Mossbrae Falls and
the natural twin soda fountains at
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